REMOTE LEARNING MODULE

Subject: Science

Author: EMS

Created: August 2020

Updated:



Subject:	Science	Teacher (Teacher (if applicable):		Science staff		
Year:	8		Ability/Clo	Ability/Class (if applicable): N/A			
Module title:	7A- Cells, tissues, orgar	7A- Cells, tissues, organs and systems, 7H-Atoms, Elements and Compounds and 7I-Energy					
Duration:	2 weeks Yes	4 weeks	6 weeks		8 weel	ks 🗌	Other:
Intent							
	ent - at Landau Forte Ar are you trying to accom	_		ful knowledge	e helps	s stuc	dents achieve and creates a fairer
•							xperiencing the following possible
	, structure, menaship, of ition students back to A	•					y, socially and emotionally, in
	o you want pupils to be						
	•			_			ortant to know how cells function in
•		•					ements and compounds and
certain eleme		in chemical reactions	and also be o	able to predic	cimer	nam	e of a compound made from
Academy values – at Landau Forte Amington, we want students to be ambitious, brave and kind. How are these values promoted							
in this module?							
Ambitious - Students are able to access the content and their appropriate level and the content allows for all students to be							
	stretched in their development of new skills, knowledge, and application. Students learn through a range of activities,						
including practical work where possible. All students will be stretched through the various forms of new learning and assessment.							
 Brave – Student will have to be brave and feel confident about using skills that haven't been used for a long period of time, 							
and not be afraid to get things wrong.							
Kind – Students will have to be kind to themselves about reintegrating themselves back into learning and using skills again that							
they may struggle with.							
Content - wh	at is being covered, ens	suring breadth & depth	n? National	Curriculum/Ex	kam Sp	ecifi	cation - how does the content link
			to the NC	or Exam Spe	:Cŝ		
	minimum requirements			_			ne fundamental unit of living
•	carry out their role? Who			_			rve, interpret and record cell
tunction of the	eir organelles? Students	will carry out simple	structure	using a light n	nicrosc	cope	. Students should know the

and engaging experiments, such as using a microscope, to help to build their scientific intrigue and skill.

Looking at the different energy stores that are used to provide us with energy. Students will look at the different energy stores that humans use for example: electrical energy or heat energy and then build on their understanding of how we use these stores for our own uses.

Students will be introduced to atoms and the Periodic Table so that they can gain an appreciation that everything is made up of something and as a young scientist they can then study atoms and which elements to use to make certain compounds. Introduction to the Periodic Table, chances are most students will not have seen one before.

functions of the cell wall, cell membrane, cytoplasm, nucleus, vacuole, mitochondria and chloroplasts and be able to describe the similarities and differences between plant and animal cells. Atoms, elements and compounds – they should be able to draw a simple atomic model, describe differences between atoms, elements and compounds and have a knowledge about chemical symbols and formulae for elements and compounds. Energy – pupils should know about comparing energy values of different foods (from labels) (kJ), comparing power ratings of appliances in watts (W, kW), comparing amounts of energy transferred (J, kJ, kW hour), and about domestic fuel bills, fuel use and costs.

Powerful Knowledge - what powerful knowledge is included in this module? Consider what knowledge is it important for our students to know, so that when they leave school they can engage in and lead discussions, with people from the most advantaged backgrounds?

Cells – An understanding of how the body functions. How our cells function through healthy lifestyles. Plant and animal cells (eukaryotic cells) have a cell membrane, cytoplasm and genetic material enclosed in a nucleus. Bacterial cells (prokaryotic cells) are much smaller in comparison. They have cytoplasm and a cell membrane surrounded by a cell wall. The genetic material is not enclosed in a nucleus. It is a single DNA loop and there may be one or more small rings of DNA called plasmids. Students should be able to demonstrate an understanding of the scale and size of cells and be able to make order of magnitude calculations. Students will gain knowledge to ask questions such as `Why do we have thousands of chemicals yet only 92 naturally occurring elements?` Students will understand why chemicals react and their likely properties. Students will be able to draw and describe the structure of atoms, elements and compounds.

Students will gain an understanding of the 9 energy stores. How these can vary but total energy is maintained. The main energy resources available for use on Earth include: fossil fuels (coal, oil and gas), nuclear fuel, bio-fuel, wind, hydroelectricity, geothermal, the tides, the Sun and water waves.

Implementation

KEY CONCEPTS

Key Concepts – what are the key concepts being taught?

Progression – how will studying these key concepts support progression to the next academic year, or key stage?

Animal and plant cell structure and function of the organelles. How to use a microscope and calculate magnification of cells. The structure of atoms, elements and compounds and their reactions. The different types of energy stores and their uses. How energy is transferred.	Cell biology forms the basis of key biology concepts. This is necessary knowledge for students to progress to GCSE. Atoms are our building blocks to make elements and compounds which is how we then make materials. These are essential for chemical reactions to take place. At GCSE, it is vital that students have knowledge of how elements can react to form products called `compounds`.			
LE	ARNING			
Synchronous – what are the synchronous aspects of the module, including new material taught?	Asynchronous – what are the asynchronous aspects of the module, including deliberate practice?			
The initial learning material depicted on the introduction PowerPoints and reading material (If applicable). Some aspects of the reading material and slides will need to be taught via a teams session to make sure that students have fully understood the key concepts.	Additional tasks, such as practice questions, will be set for students to complete on their own after all of the necessary synchronous learning has taken place. These tasks may also include the completion of a table, labelling a diagram, an extended piece of writing and answering exam questions.			
ENGAGEMENT				
Accessibility – how are you going to ensure students without ICT can engage with this module? All activities set can be viewed using a mobile phone, with tasks being emailed if necessary. Students can also complete all tasks on paper and then send in a photo of their work for marking.	Disengagement – how are you going to ensure students who are not engaging with this module are identified and supported? Staff initially will be responsible for their own groups and keeping a close eye on the completion of tasks by all of the students in their groups. This can be easily monitored using Teams. Staff will be expected to make the necessary emails/ phone calls to endeavour to support the students and their families further. Assistant lead and Curriculum lead will be able to monitor all students' progress. Staff can then apprise lead staff of any students that are not engaging and take the next necessary steps.			
re	EUDACK			

End of Module – what is the end of module assessment, which	Review Points – what takes place at the review points, to monitor			
will be used to evaluate the knowledge and skills gained?	the progress of learners and provide feedback, or support?			
	2 Weeks	Extended piece of writing or a set of questions		
used in previous years and has been standardised to a sufficient standard. There are two types of assessment, higher		End of topic assessment		
and standard, therefore specific groups can be set the	6 Weeks			
assessment that best matches their learning and ability.	8 Weeks			
	Other			

Del	Delivery (please note - a two week remote learning module may only take one lesson cycle)									
		1) Lesson Type (remote or blended)		2) DNA (Do Now Activity/Reading)		3) Learning Intentions (what, why & how)				
		Remote (live on MS Teams and remote as study)	\boxtimes		What	The job role of different cells within all organisms The property of				
		Blended (live in classroom and remote as study)				 The organs in are bodies and what they do The function and importance of organ systems in the human body 				
1				 Label a diagram of a microscope Reading material about the history of the microscope What is an organ? Can you list any examples? What is an organ system? Can you name one? 	Why	 So we understand the importance of cells in our bodies and in plants So we understand how our body works and how doctors can therefore fix problems when something goes wrong So we understand how organs and their systems work together in our bodies 				
	3				How	 Completing exam questions to demonstrate understanding and recall the job role of different cells Completing exam questions to demonstrate understanding and recall most of the organs in our bodies 				

	Number of lessons in cycle:	4) New Material (previous learning/ new material) The structure of plant and animal cells The function of DNA and Mitochondria The names of the organs in the human body The function of the pancreas and liver for our bodies metabolism The names of the organ systems in the human body The function of the Endocrine	 5) Check for Understanding (questioning/checking) Quick Quiz style questions to check the structure of plant and animal cells Quick Quiz style questions to check the names of the organs in the human body Quick Quiz style questions to check the names of organ systems in the human body 	Completing exam questions to demonstrate understanding and recall examples of organ systems 6) Prepare for Practice (model/ scaffold) Provide models of the structure of plant and animal cells, organs and organ systems in the body Provide diagrams to label Provide writing frames for exit ticket style 6 mark exam questions.
	Z	system 7) Deliberate Practice (guided/ independent) • Attempt 6 mark exam questions • Use images and models independently	8) Feedback (light/deep) • Use mark scheme to assign a mark to the exam question. Students to write down corrections from mark scheme	9) Review (daily/monthly) • Quick quiz • Exam questions • End of topic test questions
2	4	1) Lesson Type (remote or blended) Remote (live on MS Teams and remote as study) Blended (live in classroom and remote as study)	2) DNA (Do Now Activity/Reading) • Look around the classroom. List the objects made of metal • Can you draw a particle diagram to represent an atom, element and compound? • What are the 7 main stores of energy?	3) Learning Intentions (what, why & how) • Today we are learning about metals and non- metals • Today we are learning about making compounds • Identify elements, compounds and mixtures

			from descriptions and particle diagrams Name simple compounds Describe changes that you might see when compounds are formed We are learning how energy is stored and transferred
			 To learn about why metals are used for the saucepan and non-metals are used for the handle Today we are learning why compounds like the rust on our bikes form To learn how rides at theme parks work
			 Describe and identify metals and non-metals by their properties Relate the use of an element to its properties Recall the law of conservation of energy Describe the different ways in which energy is stored Describe the different ways in which energy is stored
Z ⊃	4) New Material	5) Check for Understanding	6) Prepare for Practice
	(previous learning/ new material)	(questioning/checking)	(model/scaffold)

 Basic concept of the structures of an atom, element and basic compounds Drawing particle models to show atoms, elements and compounds and also how elements react to make compounds The 7 energy stores and how they are transferred. Drawing energy transfer diagrams 	 True or false quiz Fill in the gaps activity Labelling diagrams Drawing energy transfers Drawing particle diagrams to show atoms, elements and compounds 	 Provide models of the structure of atoms, elements and compounds Provide diagrams to label Provide writing frames for exit ticket style 6 mark exam questions. 	
7) Deliberate Practice (guided/ independent)	8) Feedback (light/deep)	9) Review (daily/monthly)	S
 Attempt 6 mark exam question independently Attempt to draw diagrams for atoms etc. and energy transfer independently 	 Use mark scheme to assign a mark to the exam question. Students to write down corrections from mark scheme 	 Quick quiz Exam questions End of topic test questions	Asynchronous (remote)