# 2. CURRICULUM IMPLEMENTATION OVERVIEW PLAN

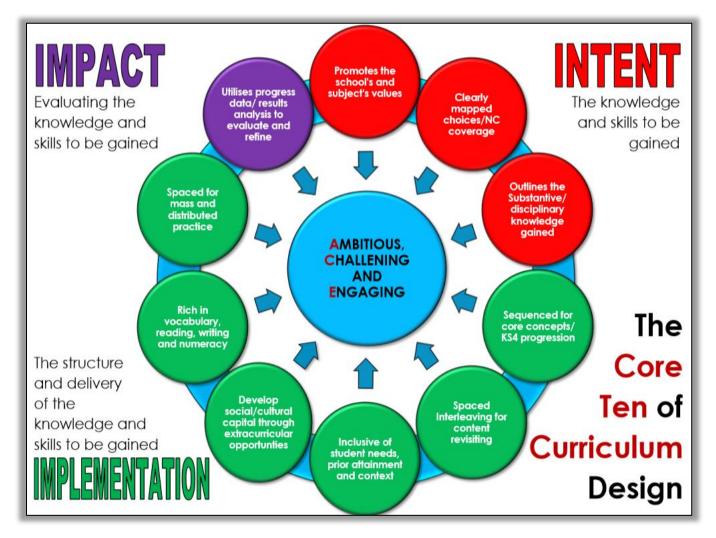
## Key Stage 3

Subject: Physical Education

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Created: 1 June 2020

Updated:



Document(s) which inform this Curriculum Implementation are:

1. Curriculum Intent Overview Plan (KS3)

## THINKING PROCESS - CURRICULUM IMPLEMENTATION OVERVIEW PLAN - KS3

### **IMPLEMENTATION – SEQUENCING AND PRACTICE**

How are your topics sequenced below so as to ensure the following:

- key concepts are ordered and taught, so as to support progression to more challenging material
- content and concepts ordered to support progression from KS2 and to KS4
- topics are spaced between unrelated topics, to allow thinking time; then revisited and furthered
- mass practice (end of topic assessments ) are used to evaluate the knowledge and skills gained
- distributed practice (mini assessments) are used where content/topics are reassessed in shortened versions, at later spaced out intervals

	YEAR	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
	Unit/Topic	Territory - outdoor Individual - Aesthetic (Gym) Net & Wall - Indoor Individual - H & F	Territory - outdoor Individual - Aesthetic (Tramp) Territory - Indoor Individual - H & F	Territory - outdoor Individual - Aesthetic (Tramp) Territory - Indoor Individual - H & F	Territory - outdoor Individual - Orienteering Territory - outdoor Individual – Athletics Inter group competition – Winter Games	Individual - Athletics Striking/Fielding Individual - Athletics Territory - Flag	Inter group competition - Athletics Inter group competition – Summer Games
	KS3 NC covered	1-6	1-6	1-6	1-6	1-6	1-6
7	Powerful Knowledge	Have the confidence to be able to try new skills or activities. Applying for a new job that with a new skill set. Meeting people for the first time in a sport environment (joining a new team) and be able to hold an intellectual conversation – sports development officer	Be able to understand the science of physical exercise in the medical profession or advising family members with health issues. Evaluate performances of people in a sporting context of a sports coach or a business manager with staff appraisals.	Be able to work effectively in a team environment – Outdoor leader, sales representative. Develop communication skills when needing to give specific instructions – logistics corp in the army.	To be able to write sports reports for a university magazine. To be able to sequence a plan to minimize time and maximise outcome as in orienteering	To learn how to transfer skills between activities eg. the motor programme of throwing adapted to bowling in rounders and cricket. Understand the transferable skills evident in industry and be able to adapt them to any given situation.	Develop the role of leadership in sport through Inter tutor competition. To understand the roles of; organising teams and using strategy to decide how to select the team; learn how to accept winning and losing, be able to learn and adapt from situations; to motivate people to work towards a goal.

Pro Apr skil con / s	Mass ractice plying a ill into a nditioned game tuation	. Applying passing skills in Netball in a 3 v 2 conditioned practice. To be able to explain how you could adapt a basic warm up for a specialist activity eg circuit training	Trampolining and gymnastics – o be able to link basic movements of balance, rotation and twisting into small routines with control and precision. To be able to observe a linked performance and be able to comment of its strengths and suggest improvements	To be able to make a safe and technically correct tackle in a conditioned practice. To understand how the body adapts to allow a person to run for a sustained amount of time.	To be able to use compass skills to find stated locations on a map To be able to control a ball using two different body part when being placed under pressure by an opponent.	Athletics – to be able to apply a combination of sequences to achieve a prescribed outcome eg. throw a discuss To be able to run a recognised distance eg 800m by maintaining a constant pace to achieve a target time. Hitting and bowling in rounders. Cricket – to be able to bowl accurately at a target over a set distance.	Inter tutor competitions – all students will be able to challenge what has been learnt in a competitive environment for athletics and cricket
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Distributed Practice Developing individual, isolated skills	Learning all of the isolated passing in games activities eg Netball – chest pass, bounce pass, overhead pass. To be able to perform a generic individual warm up for any activity	Trampolining and gymnastics – learning how to transfer skills to improve performance eg. extension of the body, precision, and control. Know how to transfer the skills of rotation and twisting.	To be able to tackle effectively and safely form various approaches in rugby in an isolated situation. To be able to sustain the technique to run for a minimum or 3 minutes	To learn how to use a compass and follow a bearing on a map. To be able to control a ball in football with two different body parts.	Athletics – throwing events are broken down into phases to understand the specific technique Use adapted equipment eg hoops to understand the concept of 'sling' throwing To be able to 'pace' running eg cover a specified distance in a particular time To understanding a perform a basic bowl in cricket	Leadership skills – students will be responsible for organising teams or individuals for the inter-tutor competitions
		PE in the majority of less ion and then students w	ill be asked to apply the			

What are the key concepts to be	Concepts to be developed through practical services:
What are the key concepts to be covered?	Concepts to be developed through practical sessions;
covered?	Effects of exercise (Immediate, short & long term)     Starses of a Warm Up (Cool down
	Stages of a Warm Up/Cool down
	Identification of Musculo-skeletal system
	The Role and Types of joints
	Diet – importance of a balanced diet
	Micro & Macro nutrients
	Components of fitness
	<ul> <li>Types of training – advantages &amp; disadvantages</li> </ul>
	What is leadership?
	Different leadership roles.
	Personal qualities of a leader
	Defining outdoor activities
	Examples of Outdoor Activities
	Values promoted through sport
	The importance of etiquette and sporting behaviour
	The Olympic and Paralympic Movement
	Mastery & retention
	Skills
	Creating space
	Dodge/disguise
	Decision making
	Passing, shooting, dribbling accuracy
	Basic footwork
	Grip & stance
	Communication skills
	<ul> <li>Process of self-assessment – key points, model movement, correct technique</li> </ul>
	Applying skills in a competitive game     Basis Officiating
	<ul> <li>Basic Officiating</li> <li>Basic Leadership</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Basic Leadership</li> <li>Teamwork</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Accuracy</li> <li>Basic tactics</li> </ul>

What prior knowledge, at KS2, are you assuming they have?	<ul> <li>Running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.</li> <li>Play competitive games.</li> <li>Understand and illustrate basic tactics for major games.</li> <li>Gymnastics – perform basic locomotion, flight, balance, create a basic sequence.</li> <li>Be able to demonstrate flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance.</li> <li>To be able to sustain a period of running for at least 1 min.</li> <li>Understand and be able to perform a basic warm up which includes stretching.</li> <li>Having a basic sporting vocabulary</li> </ul>
What knowledge do they need to have a successful start to Year 8?	<ul> <li>Games activities</li> <li>Use a range of the basic skills of passing, throwing, catching and shooting with regular consistency and accuracy</li> <li>Be able to explain and implement the basic concepts of outwitting opponents, attack and defend in conditioned and small sided games by showing decision making and the ability to create space.</li> <li>Know the basic rules and positions of each activity</li> <li>Be able to evaluate and provide basic feedback on a student's performance against a set criteria.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Individual Activities</li> <li>Understand and demonstrate safe performance</li> <li>Perform a range of basic movements and skills</li> <li>Be able to design and perform a simple routine either as an individual or in a small group.</li> <li>Know and apply the competitive rules for each individual activity.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Heath &amp; Fitness</li> <li>Understand the importance of a warm up</li> <li>To be able to undertake a comprehensive warm up by themselves.</li> <li>Understand and explain the impact that an active lifestyle has on personal health.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Leadership</li> <li>Be able to lead a planned warm up.</li> <li>Be able to plan an activity for a small group of students.</li> <li>be able to lead a small group using a 'session' plan with some confidence</li> <li>Be able to demonstrate leadership skills through OAA activities</li> </ul>

	How are topics spaced between unrelated topics?		<ul> <li>There are no unrelated topics in PE because all key concepts and skills can be reinforced in games, individual, health and fitness and leadership activities. These activities are organised in the following way.</li> <li>Game related activities will be spaced between individual and health and fitness.</li> <li>Health and fitness will be used to identify the fitness components that can be applied to improve performance in games and individual activities</li> <li>Individual activities are used to develop composure, control and balance.</li> <li>Transfer of knowledge and interleaving between skills.</li> </ul> For example; Game activities – students may be asked to design and perform a circuit session that is specific to developing the skills of passing and dribbling in Basketball. Individual activities – Gymnastics – Emphasise the importance of balance and how this can affect the ability stop effectively in Netball				
	Unit/Topic	Games - Out Fitness - Running Games - In Individual - Aesthetic (Acro Gym)	Games - Out Fitness - Gym Games - In Individual - Aesthetic (Tramp)	Games - Out Fitness - Gym Games - In Individual - Aesthetic (Tramp)	Games - Out Fitness - Gym Games - Out Individual – Orienteering Inter group competition – Winter Games	Individual - Athletics Striking/Fielding Individual - Athletics Striking/Fielding	Inter group competition - Athletics Inter group competition – Summer Games
	KS3 NC covered	1-6	1-6	1-6	1-6	1-6	1-6
8	Powerful Knowledge	Look at the scientific reasons for taking part in sport and the role of a Fitness trainer.	Develop the confidence to communicate effectively with people in the role as a motivational speaker	To understand the protocol of using a fitness gym and be able to take that understanding into a private gym.	Discuss the importance of a healthy lifestyle for heart rehabilitation patients in the NHS.	Transfer of skills – summer games require the knowledge and understanding of how to transfer the skills of throwing and jumping to achieve an effective outcome with accuracy. Transferring skills in the workplace is essential for progression	Be able to organise groups of people into effective teams and discuss potential strategies to achieve an outcome. To appreciate that life is sometimes about winning and losing and how to learn and move forward as a result of either outcome.

What are the key concepts to be	Concepts to be developed through practical sessions;
covered?	Cardiovascular system
	Structure of the heart
	The Respiratory system
	Gaseous exchange
	<ul> <li>Initiatives and events to promote values through sport</li> </ul>
	What are User Groups
	Different User Groups
	<ul> <li>Barriers that prevent User Groups participating in physical activity</li> </ul>
	Solutions to Barriers
	•
	Leadership styles
	Planning a practical session
	Risk Assessments
	Leading a basic practical session
	•
	<ul> <li>What are NGB's and what is their role?</li> </ul>
	How are NGB's funded?
	Benefits of participating in outdoor activities
	Skills developed from participating in Outdoor Activities
	Skills
	<ul> <li>Footwork when catching/pivoting</li> <li>Feints/deception</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Roles of positions</li> </ul>
	Formations
	Control/Receiving
	<ul> <li>Passing, shooting dribbling with both hands/feet</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Fassing, shooling anobiling with both hands/leet</li> <li>Tackling/Jockeying/closing down</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Forehand/Backhand</li> </ul>
	Serving
	<ul> <li>Serving</li> <li>Clear, drive, drop</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Clear, drive, drop</li> <li>Push, drives</li> </ul>
	Communication
	Teamwork
	Resilience
	<ul> <li>Decision making</li> </ul>

What knowledge do they need to	Games activities
have a successful start to Year 9?	<ul> <li>Demonstrates a competent level of skills, techniques and decision making, with some precision, control and fluency, during a conditioned/formal/competitive situation, to include the following.</li> <li>Position-specific skills and techniques performed competently.</li> <li>Skills and techniques used competently with some accurate timing and consistency of application, but with</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>errors.</li> <li>Some influence on the performance and motivation of self and others.</li> <li>Some communication during the full sided game with some impact, but inconsistent in places.</li> <li>Attempts to respond to environmental conditions, but with little success.</li> <li>Tactical changes are sometimes effective but inconsistently applied in response to the opposition's actions.</li> <li>Attempts to adapt to changes in a competitive situation to dominate opponents, with some success.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Individual Activities</li> <li>Understand and demonstrate safe performance</li> <li>Perform a wide range of basic movements with consistency and control.</li> <li>Be able to perform more complex movements that involve turning or twisting.</li> <li>Be able to design and perform a simple routine either as an individual or in a small group with precision and control.</li> <li>Be able to judge a performance using the competitive rules for each individual activity.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Heath &amp; Fitness</li> <li>Understand how an efficient Cardiovascular system helps maintain a healthy lifestyle.</li> <li>Understand and be able to explain the role of the lungs and supply of oxygen to maintain performance</li> <li>Be able to sustain a level of exercise for a period of time in excess of 20 minutes.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Leadership</li> <li>To work collaboratively with another student to organise a whole class into groups and then lead a warm up</li> <li>To demonstrate a skill to a whole group.</li> <li>Be able to plan an activity for larger groups of students.</li> <li>Be able to support staff with feeder school activity sessions.</li> <li>Be able to demonstrate leadership skills through OAA activities.</li> </ul>

	How are topics spaced between unrelated topics?		<ul> <li>There are no unrelated topics in PE because all key concepts and skills can be reinforced in games, individual, health and fitness and leadership activities. These activities are organised in the following way.</li> <li>Game related activities will be spaced between individual and health and fitness.</li> <li>Health and fitness will be used to identify the fitness components that can be applied to improve performance in games and individual activities</li> <li>Individual activities are used to develop composure, control and balance.</li> <li>It is important that students progress each year so staff will be expected to challenge students with more in depth knowledge and understanding</li> <li>For example</li> <li>Games activities – Challenge students on how students skills can be transferred eg how can an overhead pass be used as effectively in basketball compared to Netball.</li> <li>Health and Fitness – Why would a triathletes fitness programme differ from a 100m sprinter?</li> </ul>				
9	Unit/Topic	Games - Out Fitness - Running Games - Out Net & Wall - Indoor	Games - Out Fitness - Gym Net & Wall - Indoor Individual - Aesthetic (Tramp)	Games - Out Fitness - Gym Net & Wall - Indoor Individual - Aesthetic (Tramp)	Leadership Sport Education Inter group competition – Winter Games	Individual - Athletics Striking/Fielding Individual - Athletics Sport Education	Inter group competition - Athletics Inter group competition – Summer Games
	KS3 NC covered	1-6	1-6	1-6	1-6	1-6	1-6

						<u> </u>
Powerful	Be able to analyse	To understand the	Be able to analyse	Leadership qualities	Understand	To be able to
Knowledge	data improve sports	reasons why drug	data improve sports	are essential in all	mental/psychology	officiate athletic
	performance –	taking happens in	performance –	walks of life –	on sports	events accurately
	coach to an elite	sports.	coach to an elite	understanding	performance.	and apply the rules
	performer (Tamworth		performer (Tamworth	different leadership		accurately.
	football club)	To understand the	football club)	styles depending on	Athletic events	
		effect and impact		the situation.	originated form	
		that taking drugs			Greek men showing	
		can have on an		How to	feats of strength and	
		individual, family		communicate	speed using	
		and work		effectively with	weapons of war.	
		colleagues.		people to achieve a		
				desired outcome.	Understand how	
					historical events	
				Be able to motivate	determined modern	
				people through	spot and society.	
				planned events and		
				individual		
				personality.		
				Working to a specific		
				time frame to		
				achieve an desired		
				outcome. eg being		
				able to throw an		
				object at a target		
				consistently and with		
				precision		

Mile all sure likes to see a second at the less	Concerts
What are the key concepts to be	Concepts
covered?	Calculating training intensities
	<ul> <li>Linking participation in physical activity, exercise and sport to health, fitness and wellbeing.</li> </ul>
	•
	<ul> <li>Performance Enhancing Drugs (PED's)</li> </ul>
	World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA)
	•
	<ul> <li>Planning and completing a sports session and risk assessment.</li> </ul>
	Leading a skill-based activity session.
	Popularity in Sport.
	<ul> <li>Current trends in the popularity of sports.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Growth of emerging sports.</li> </ul>
	• What is a Major Sporting event?
	What is a Major Sporting event?     The banefits of basiling a major sporting event
	The benefits of hosting a major sporting event.      The always a fibertian a variation and the second
	The drawbacks of hosting a major sporting event.
	Planning an outdoor activity
	Outdoor activity providers
	National sports centres
	<ul> <li>voluntary organisations</li> </ul>
	Skills
	<ul> <li>Advanced racket/TT shots – topspin, backspin and side spin drives, drop shots</li> </ul>
	Net play
	Recognising key point in a performance.
	Analyse and give specific feedback for improvement
	Reverse Lay up
	<ul> <li>Marking – man to man full court, zone, 'T'</li> </ul>
	Rebound
	Turning attack into defence
	Defending/attacking when outnumbered
	<ul> <li>Applying deception/disguise</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Mastery of communication, teamwork, decision making and problem solving.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identify key improvements needed in their activities.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Development of a routine with control and precision and fluency</li> </ul>
	bevelopment of a robine with control and precision and noticey

What knowledge do they need to have a successful start to Year 10?	<ul> <li>Games activities</li> <li>Demonstrates a good level of skills, techniques and decision making, with good precision, control and fluency, during a conditioned/formal/competitive situation, to include the following.</li> <li>Good position-specific skills and techniques.</li> <li>Good skills and techniques, with mostly accurate timing and consistency of application, but with minor errors and misjudgements.</li> <li>Often able to influence effectively the performance and motivation of self and others, but with minor misjudgements.</li> <li>Effective communication with good impact during the full sided game, but with misjudgements.</li> <li>Responds to environmental conditions with some success.</li> <li>Tactical changes are effective and consistent, but in response to the opposition's actions.</li> <li>Adapts effectively but inconsistently to changes in a competitive situation to dominate opponents.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Individual Activities</li> <li>Understand and demonstrate safe performance</li> <li>Perform a wide range of basic movements with consistency and control.</li> <li>Be able to perform more complex movements that involve turning or twisting with consistency and control.</li> <li>Be able to design and perform a more complex routine in trampolining.</li> <li>Be able to judge a performance using the competitive rules for each individual activity.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Heath &amp; Fitness</li> <li>Be able to plan and perform a training plan over a sustained period of session or weeks.</li> <li>To be able to evaluate and improve a fitness plan in response to changing needs.</li> <li>To be able to explain the impact that a training programme can have on physical, mental and social well-being.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Leadership</li> <li>To be able to effectively write a session plan with the aim of improving a specific skill with progressive practices and conditioned games.</li> <li>To write a specific Risk assessment for the session plan.</li> <li>To be able to evaluate a session and offer recommendations for development.</li> <li>Be able to demonstrate leadership skills through OAA activities.</li> </ul>
How are topics spaced between unrelated topics?	<ul> <li>There are no unrelated topics in PE because all key concepts and skills can be reinforced in games, individual, health and fitness and leadership activities. These activities are organised in the following way.</li> <li>Game related activities will be spaced between individual and health and fitness.</li> <li>Health and fitness will be used to identify the fitness components that can be applied to improve performance in games and individual activities.</li> <li>Individual activities are used to develop composure, control and balance.</li> </ul>
	It is important at this stage that students are given more open style questions so that they can reflect on their understanding eg. trampolining – design and then explain the similarities and differences why a routine will vary in difficulty between two different students?

#### **IMPLEMENTATION – STUDENT NEEDS AND SUPPORT**

How is student learning supported below so as to ensure the following:

- extracurricular/career opportunities which develop social and cultural capital
- key vocabulary, reading, writing and numeracy opportunities
- support for SEND and students with Low Prior Attainment, as well as challenge for students with High Prior Attainment

	YEAR	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
7	Social/ Cultural Capital	House cross country EC practices School fixtures School Sports presentation evening	House Competition EC practices School fixtures Loughborough Lightning Netball game	EC practices School fixtures Leicester Tigers Rugby match	Inter PE Group competition House competition EC practices School fixtures	EC practices School fixtures	Inter PE Group competition EC practices School Sports Day School fixtures Year 7 Residential

Tier 2/3	Tier 3	Tier 3	Tier 3	Tier 3	Tier 3	Tier 3
Vocabulary	Heart Rate	Joint	Carbohydrates	Cardiovascular	CV endurance	Repetition
	Oxygen supply	Tendon	Protein	Speed	training	Role model
	Working muscles	Ligament	Minerals	Strength	Speed training	Leader
	Static	Cartilage	Vitamins	Stamina	Weight training	Master
	Dynamic	Weight	Water	Agility	Fartlek training	Attack
	Stretching	Accuracy	Micro-nutrients	Reaction Time	Interval training	Defend
	Ballistic	Pace	Macro-nutrients	Balance	Olympic Creed	Overcome
	Warm Up	Distance	Balance	Coordination	Olympic symbol	Outdoor Activity
	Endurance	Speed	Anticipation	Power	National Pride	
	High intensity		Sportsmanship	Rest period	Team Spirit	<u>Tier 2</u>
	Temperature	<u>Tier 2</u>	Gamesmanship		Target	Demonstrate
	Transfer of weight	Teamwork		<u>Tier 2</u>	Aim	Recall
		Captain	<u>Tier 2</u>	Effort		Tolerance and
	<u>Tier 2</u>	Coach	Consistency	Teamwork	<u>Tier 2</u>	respect
	Awareness	Manager	Challenge	Communication	Advantage	Backing Up
	Observation	Teacher	Impact	Discussion	Disadvantage	Sprint
	Evaluate	Expedition leaders	Confidence	Resolve	Discussion	Record
	Lead	Dodge	Communication	Evaluate	Application	Pace
	Organise	Talk	Punctuality	Appreciate	Evaluate	
	Opposition	Return	Etiquette	Leadership	Citizenship	
	Tackle	Serve	Push	Shooting	Bowl	
	Marking		Close		Bat	
			Dribbling			
Reading	Health & Fitness	Games	Individual Activities	General reading		
j				<b>j</b>		
	Magazines to	Sporting	Trampolining –	Sporting		
	identify training	programmes if they	reading task cards	autobiographies.		
	exercises or	support a team.	on how to perform			
	programmes eg	Newspaper articles	individual skills and	Football 'trading'		
	weight training	on game	linking skills into a	cards.		
		performances.	routine.			
				Internet articles		
		Discussion on topical		Social media		
		sporting issues.				

Writing	Plan and write out a warm up for themselves to include; The correct stages Activities relevant to each stage. Descriptions of how to perform each task.	Label muscles correctly with anatomical names. Accurately label a diagram of a joint. Create a sports guide about roles needed to run a sports club	Write a food diary for a week. Compare their diary to that of a 'balanced diet'	Create a leaflet to describe the components of fitness and give 1 sport where it is effective	Write an evaluation of a peer's performance in athletics and make 1 suggestion for improvement.	Write a lesson plan on a sport of your choice for a group of 4 friends
Numeracy	Counting to hold stretches Multiplication to calculate Heart Rate for 1 min when counted for 15s	Counting and percentages – success rates for passing	Calorie counting and subtraction from the recommended daily amount. Count Heart Rate – resting, working, recovery	Calculating scores and rankings for inter population competitions	Statistics – recording of times and distances for athletics.	Officiating and recording results in house sports day.
How does the with SEND ne	PoS support students eds?	<ul> <li>Follow school policy of Wave 1-4 teaching</li> <li>Activities can be easily differentiated to support and challenge those with SEN – varying the equipment used – eg in Badminton or volleyball using balloons, basketball – smaller/larger sized balls</li> <li>Clear concise instructions</li> <li>Diagrams and demonstrations to help understanding</li> <li>TA support to work with students – TA given basic technical instructions and simple adaptations that can be challenging</li> <li>Buddy systems – working with a more able student</li> <li>Given more of a leadership role to work with more able students if there are motor instruction</li> <li>Setted groups according to physical ability</li> </ul>				
with low prior	e PoS support students attainment/challenge gh prior attainment?	<ul> <li>Open / guidect vocabulary.</li> <li>Peer and self-et Challenging but (LPA)</li> <li>Guided discov</li> <li>Open based to Extra-curricular time.</li> </ul>	d learning tasks – limit ins evaluation ut conditioned environm ery learning	tructions to no more the nents – eg in trampolinir es to challenge all level	ng interleave a routine v	vith a straight bounce

	How does the PoS offer contextual content appropriate to Amington students?		<ul> <li>Broad curriculum to offer activities that have an exit opportunity within the local community</li> <li>Links with local sporting clubs and societies.</li> <li>Outside sporting speakers form local community/Clubs</li> <li>Offer of non traditional local sports ie football – cricket, rugby, athletics</li> <li>Cross curricular links with school subjects – science, food technology</li> </ul>				
	Social/ Cultural Capital	House cross country EC practices School fixtures School Sports presentation evening	House Competition EC practices School fixtures Loughborough Lightning Netball	EC practices School fixtures Leicester Tigers Rugby Match	Inter PE Group competition House competition EC practices School fixtures School Ski Trip	EC practices School fixtures	Inter PE Group competition EC practices School Sports Day School fixtures
8	Tier 2/3 Vocabulary	Lier 3Ethnic minoritiesRetiredSingle ParentsDisabledSociallyDisadvantagedWorking singles andcouplesBreathing RateLier 2FootworkFlexibilityAnalyseInterpretPositionsResponsibility	Lier 3HeartCardiac MuscleAtriaVentriclesArteriesValvesAortaVena CavaOxygenatedDeoxygenatedDeoxygenatedAerobicAnaerobicReliabilityForceElasticityLeft / RightAnticipateReduceControl	Lier 3Flow of bloodBlood pressureUser groupsDisposable incomeWork restrictionsEmploymentTimeNational GoverningBody (NGB)InitiativeFund raisingIler 2PressureRateBarriersSolutionsProvisionPromotionAccessAccessibility	Tier 3TracheaLungsAlveoliDiaphragmMechanics ofbreathingApplicationIntensityCultureTier 2PressureBreathingRateOxygenCarbon dioxideAdvertisingCost	Tier 3         Gaseous exchange         High pressure         Low pressure         Exchange         Evaluate         Critically         Movement         Observation         Role         Effective         Disabled	Tier 3DemocraticAutocraticLaissez-faireTier 2RespectfulExposureVisionLobbyFund raisingFunding

D 11							
Reading	Research key terms	Research visual apps	Research articles	Read about a	Research articles	Investigate which	
	of different User	and websites that	that explain the	specific sporting	that explain the	are the most popular	
	groups who take	show the mechanics	effect that exercise	initiative eg This girl	effect that exercise	sports played within	
	part in sport or	of the heart, the flow	can have on the	can and understand	can have on the	the local	
	physical activity.	of blood and the	heart and CHD	what it's role is.	respiratory	community.	
		conduction system.					
Writing	Newspaper article	Correctly label a	Write a doctor's	Create a poster that	What is the role of a	Research local clubs	
	titled – Different	diagram of the heart	pamphlet on CHD;	explains a recent	NGB?	and provision for	
	people who	using correct	Definition	sporting initiative	Give an example of	young people to	
	participate in	anatomical names	Causes		an NGB and how	take part in at least 3	
	physical activity.		Prevention		they have achieved	different	
			Rehabilitation		their role.	sports/activities	
	Create a poster of						
	one form of						
	leadership style						
Numeracy	Understand time	Understand Heart	Find statistical	Sports statistics-	To compare oxygen	Statistical analysis of	
	durations for	rate and give	evidence to show	evaluate a game	exchange rate	numbers of junior	
	memory retention at	numerical and	which user groups	situation for example	percentages for a	members for each	
	each stage eg. short	percentage values	predominantly suffer	table tennis – how	non-smoker and a	sport.	
	& long term memory	for;	from CHD	many shots were	smoker.		
	retention.	Resting HR		made in a rally		To understand	
		Aerobic HR		before winning a		'pacing' and	
		Anaerobic HR		point, how many		calculate	
				points were won on		anticipated running	
				the backhand.		times for all athletics	
						running events.	
	PoS support students		olicy of Wave 1-4 teac	•			
with SEND nee	eds?			dependence at this stag			
				eriods of concentration,	specific short term outo	comes	
		<ul> <li>Clear concise i</li> </ul>					
		Diagrams and demonstrations to help understanding.					
			port where appropriate	e and get students to sto	art and engage effectiv	ely in a team	
		environment					
		<ul> <li>Setted groups of</li> </ul>	according to physical a	bility			

How does the PoS support students with low prior attainment/challenge those with high prior attainment?		<ul> <li>Peer and self-erenvironment</li> <li>Challenging buand then adap</li> <li>Guided discove</li> <li>Open based to</li> <li>Extra-curricular community for</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Peer and self-evaluation – students need to develop more independence and work in a 'Sport Education' environment</li> <li>Challenging but conditioned environments where students are required to apply and evaluate outcome and then adapt their learning and understanding to improve performance.</li> <li>Guided discovery learning</li> <li>Open based tasks</li> <li>Extra-curricular practices – encourage students to be ore actively involved in school and possible the wider community for those who do not currently participate.</li> </ul>				
		PoS offer contextual opriate to Amington		m to offer activities tha sporting clubs and soci	t have an exit opportuni ieties.	ty within the local com	munity
9	Social/ Cultural Capital	House cross country EC practices School fixtures School Sports presentation evening	House Competition EC practices School fixtures Loughborough Lightning netball match	EC practices School fixtures Leicester Tigers rugby match	Inter PE Group competition House competition EC practices School fixtures School ski trip	EC practices School fixtures	Inter PE Group competition EC practices School Sports Day School fixtures

Tier 2/3	Tier 3	Tier 3	Tier 3	Tier 3	Tier 3	Tier 3
Vocabulary	Initiative	Legacy	Morale	Ultimate Frisbee	Aerobic	Duke of Edinburgh
	Anti-doping	Antagonistic pairs	Shop Window effect	Intercostal muscles	Anaerobic	
	Anabolic Steroids	Levers	Merchandise	Concentration	Progressive Overload	Tier 2
	Diuretics		Political gain	Application	Cadence	Memory
	Unfair advantage	Extend	Rejuvenate	Tidal Volume	Haemoglobin	
		Flexion		Tidal Capacity	Saturation	
	Fast break	Adduction			Semi-permeable	
	Outlet Pass	Abduction	Cardiac Cycle	Legacy	membrane	
	Boxing out	Rotation	Hypertrophy			
			Bicuspid	Scouts		
			Tricuspid	Guides	High Ropes	
	<u>Tier 2</u>	<u>Tier 2</u>		Cadets	National Sports	
	Reputation	Regular			Centres	
	Elite	Competitor	<u>Tier 2</u>		Holme Pierrepoint	
	Testing	_ Social	Investment	<u>Tier 2</u>	Plas-y-Brenin	
	Sample	Economic	Commercial	Statistics	Beaudesert Activity	
	Recreational	III health	Infrastructure	Organised	centre	
			Perceived	Planned		
			Bidding	Resistance	<u>Tier 2</u>	
			Revenue	Collaboration	Calculation	
				Host	Percentage	
Reading	Identify why sports	Research how the	To read how the	Research local	Find an interactive	To read national and
	performers take	skeleton and	2012 London	voluntary Outdoor	app that shows the	local newspapers
	PEDS	muscular system	Olympics was used	Activity groups are	mechanics of	about current issues
		works to create	to develop sport	available for young	breathing and the	in sports and leisure.
		movement	within the UK	people.	exchange of gases	
Writing	Identify a famous	Draw and label a	To create a plan of	Write a doctor's	Create a poster of	To write a document
	performer who has	picture that explains	how to organise a	pamphlet on the	an accessible	outlining a student's
	been convicted for	muscles work as	multi sports festival of	effects that smoking	Outdoor activity	personal targets
	using PEDS and	antagonistic pairs.	9 activities for a	and inhaled social	centre local to	challenges and
	create a biography.		Primary school	drugs can have on	Tamworth. Include	achievements for
		Be able to describe	feeder class.	the respiratory	facilities and costs.	Core PE in KS4.
		how muscle work		system;		
		antagonistically to				
	1	create movement.			1	

Numeracy	To do a statistical analysis of a game situation and then evaluate the data to improve the teams performance	To calculate shot percentages to a specific area in badminton and table tennis.	To research the cost to build the Olympic stadium/village.	To be able to organise large groups of students into smaller workable groups for a multi- skills festival	To record results from track events and work out pacing speeds for longer races.	To be able to predict times for athletic running events based on previous PB's. To calculate a 10% possible increase in distance for throwing events based on last years results.
with SEND nee	<ul> <li>Follow school policy of Wave 1-4 teaching</li> <li>By now students should be familiar with the departments routines and feel comfortable to work mor independently or work with a recognised group of students that supports the learner.</li> <li>Clear concise instructions still need to be given.</li> <li>Be able to work to simple targets by using concise instructions.</li> <li>Diagrams and demonstrations to help understanding.</li> <li>TA support to be more collaborative.</li> <li>Try and engage in more leadership opportunities to increase confidence and level of responsibility.</li> <li>Setted groups according to physical ability</li> </ul>				responsibility.	
with low prior	PoS support students attainment/challenge h prior attainment?	<ul> <li>'Sports Educati</li> <li>Peer and self-e development -</li> <li>More open cho routines.</li> <li>Open based to</li> <li>Extra-curricular with practices,</li> </ul>	on' environment. valuation –observations - LPA – possibly still skill b allenging environments asks	s should now be more sp based HPA – more strate – the full performance e ght now be involved wi es.	rking with more indeper pecific focussing on key gical improvements in p og full sided games, con th developing younger :	points of performance. nplete trampoline
	PoS offer contextual opriate to Amington	Broad curriculu		t have an exit opportun	ity within the local com	munity
How does the Impl	ementation Plan meet th	e ACE curriculum desig	jn?			
Ambitious	<ul> <li>New activiti</li> <li>high level sk</li> <li>high expect</li> <li>Improved te</li> </ul>	es ills ations and level of perf amwork	ormance,			
Challenging	<ul> <li>Setting of ex</li> </ul>	tended study for stude	nts			

	Introduction of more theory work in practical sessions
	Effective staff planning and evaluations of sessions
	Monitoring of session progress
Engaging	Student independent learning
	Variety of activities
	broad curriculum
	Revised extra-curricular programme
What are the current	t strengths of the Implementation Plan?
<ol> <li>A progressive</li> <li>Focus on devide</li> <li>Several experimentary</li> <li>Subject spection</li> <li>To develop the</li> </ol>	on focussed on increasing performance and participation rates both within school and the local community. e learning journey of information that prepares students for potential PE examinations as well as general all round knowledge for future life. veloping student academic knowledge as well as practical knowledge rrienced staff with exceptional subject knowledge in a broad range of activities. ific vocabulary he cultural capital of the department and create wider opportunities for students to experience physical activity both within the and further a field.
• CPD for teacher	ensure an ACE curriculum design; s in your subject area;
<ul> <li>Additional resea</li> </ul>	rch you have to consider as part of this review.
1. Improve the	depth of subject knowledge
	wilight training to develop subject knowledge.
	aff to research potential resources using TES; PE4learning; Share, Learn, Teach and twitter.
	quality of teaching and learning
	lop 'outstanding' lesson planning.
	rstand and standardise the criteria for what makes an 'outstanding' lesson.
	e teaching a regular agenda item on dept meetings.
	e learning walks a regular practice for any member of staff to do.
	ement lesson observations by all staff not just LL and feedback is delivered in dept meetings.
f. Deve	lop SOW's that are purposeful and develop students each year and over each key stage and ultimately over their school life.
	. Sport specific
	. Leadership
	. Sport Education
_	ge visit for staff to other schools to share good practice.
	extra-curricular programme.

a. Introduce a broader delivery of activities.

- b. Look at the possibility of bringing in outside providers
- c. Review school trips.
- 4. Primary school networks
  - a. Identify who the main feeder schools are
  - b. Establish regular (termly) meeting to discuss physical education issues.
  - c. Understand what prior knowledge and skills are being developed by Year 6
  - d. Create/develop an effective pathway of learning for PE.
  - e. Ensure consistency of PE transition information across feed schools